number shall be coded identically on each invoice and on the worksheet.

### PART 142—ENTRY PROCESS

1. Section 142.21(f) is revised to read as follows:

## § 142.21 Merchandise eligible for special permit for immediate delivery.

(f) Release from warehouse followed by warehouse withdrawal for consumption. Merchandise may be released from warehouse under a special permit—

(1) At the discretion of the district

director when

(i) The warehouse is located a considerable distance from the customhouse and actual release of the merchandise from the warehouse may not be effected within the next full business day after the day of the payment of duty, and (ii) The district has sufficient manpower to permit such practice;

(2) The importer shall have on file one of the types of Customs bonds provided

for in § 142.4; and

- (3) The immediate delivery permit. shall be annotated to state that a warehouse withdrawal for consumption will be filed for this merchandise.
- 2. Section 142.22(b) is revised to read as follows:

## § 142.22 Application for special permit for immediate delivery.

(a)
(b) Customs custody. Merchandise for which a special permit for immediate delivery has been issued under §142.21 of this part shall be considered to remain in Customs custody until the filing of one of the following:

(1) An entry summary for consumption, with estimated duties attached, an entry summary for warehouse, or an entry summary for entry under a temporary importation bond, which may be filed in any of the circumstances under §142.21 of this part except for merchandise released from warehouse under §142.21(f) of this part;

(2) A withdrawal for consumption, with estimated duties attached, which shall be filed only for merchandise released from warehouse under

§142.21(f) of this part;

(3) An entry for transportation and exportation, immediate transportation without appraisement, or direct exportation, which shall be filed in those circumstances under §142.21(b) and (e)(2) of this part; or entry for transportation and exportation, or

direct exportation, which shall be filed in the circumstances under §142.28 of this part or

(4) An application to destroy, which shall be filed in those circumstances under §§142.21(b) and (e)(2), and §142.28 of this part.

(R.S. 251, as amended (19 U.S.C. 66), sec. 484, 552, 553, 557, 624, 46 Stat. 722, as amended, 742, as amended, 744, as amended, 759 (19 U.S.C. 1484, 1552, 1553, 1557, 1624); 92 Stat. 888, (Pub. L. 95–410), October 3, 1978)

[FR Doc. 81-29302 Filed 10-7-81; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4810-22-M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

# Federal Highway Administration 23 CFR Ch I

Pavement Type Selection; Policy Statement

AGENCY: Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), DOT. ACTION: Notice of policy statement.

SUMMARY: This notice provides a statement of FHWA policy on how the type of materials used in the various pavement components of a Federal-aid project should be determined.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. L. M. Noel, Pavement Branch, Highway Design Division, (202) 426–0327, or Michael J. Laska, Office of the Chief Counsel, (202) 426–0800, Federal Highway Administration, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, D.C. 20590. Office hours are from 7:45 a.m. to 4:15 p.m. ET; Monday through Friday.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice estáblishes a policy on Pavement Type Selection pending completion of the rulemaking process initiated on August 21, 1980, with the issuance of an advance notice of proposed rulemaking (ANPRM) (FHWA Docket No. 80-14). This policy is based on an initial analysis of comments made to Docket No. 80–14. The policy is designed to provide the public with acceptable highway service at a minimal annual or life cycle cost while permitting maximum flexibility. The policy encourages the consideration of alternate designs and strategies in the type selection process. As used in this policy, pavement type includes both new and rehabilitated pavements including their components of overlays, shoulders, bases, and subbases.

The FHWA policy can be addressed under the following four key issues:

1. Pavement type selection should be based upon an engineering evaluation considering the factors contained in the 1960 AASHTO publication entitled "An Informational Guide on Project Procedures."

- 2. Pavement type determinations should include an economic analysis based on life cycle costs of the pavement type. Estimates of life cycle costs should become more accurate as pavement management procedures begin providing historical cost, serviceability, and performance data. States without this data are encouraged to obtain it.
- 3. An independent engineering and economic analysis and final pavement type determination should be performed or updated a short time prior to advertising on each pavement type being considered.
- 4. Where the analysis reflects that two or more initial designs and their forecasted performance are determined to be comparable (or equivalent), then alternate bids may be permitted if requested by the contracting agency. The Division Administrator shall review the analysis and concur in the finding of equivalency prior to PS&E approval. Price adjustment clauses where utilized would also have to be treated on an equal basis.

This policy is written with the intention of taking advantage of fluctuating material prices while not compromising good design and pavement management practices.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Number 20.205, Highway Research, Planning, and Construction. The provisions of OMB Circular No. A-95 regarding State and local clearinghouse review of Federal and federally assisted programs and projects apply to this program.)

Issued: September 29, 1981.

### R. A. Barnbart,

Federal Highway Administrator, [FR Doc. 81-20181 Filed 10-7-81; 8:45 am]

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## PENSION BENEFIT GUARANTY CORPORATION

### 29 CFR Part 2618

### Allocation of Assets in Non-Multiemployer Plans

**AGENCY:** Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

ACTION: Amendment to final rule adding Subpart C—Allocation of Residual Assets.

SUMMARY: This is an amendment to the regulation on the allocation of assets in terminating, non-multiemployer pension plans. This amendment prescribes rules for the distribution of any assets that remain after all plan benefits have been paid in terminating plans that close out